

37 CFR §1.121(b)(1)(iii) and (c)(1)(ii) SPECIFICATION AND CLAIM AMENDMENTS- MARKED UP VERSION

IN THE SPECIFICATION

Turning now to Figures 4a to 4f, these Figures show the varying relationship between the cylindrical surfaces of the pole pieces 2 and the segments 8, 9 in planar form (i.e. unwrapped). As illustrated in Figures 4a to 4f, the helical components of both the rotor and stator have a common general angular orientation since both are angled in the same general direction from the axis, i.e. both are clockwise or counter clockwise helices. In Figure 4a the rotor 7 is in approximately its mid position with each outer pole piece 2 having two segment halves 8, 9, one north and one south, adjacent it. With no current flowing through the coils 5, 6 the outer pole pieces 2 become alternate north and south poles, as is shown in Figure 4b. The rotor 7 therefore tries to align itself with the magnetisation of the pole pieces 2 and with no constraints, the helical geometry of the segments of the rotor 7 would enable alignment by both axial and rotational movement. However, as mentioned earlier rotational movement of the rotor is prevented, therefore the rotor 7 moves axially until the poles of the segments 8, 9 are appropriately aligned with the opposing magnetisation of the pole pieces 2 as shown in Figure 4c. If an alternating current is applied to the coils 5, 6 so that the

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magnetisation of the pole pieces 2 varies with time an alternating axial force/motion is

achieved. Figures 4d to 4f shown the motion of the rotor 7 in response to an opposite force.

IN THE CLAIMS

(Amended Four Times) An electromechanical transducer comprising: 1.

a stator having a plurality of coils; and

a magnetic assembly having a plurality of magnetic poles there being flux linkage

between the coils and the magnetic poles, defining a magnetic circuit for imparting relative

linear movement between the stator and the magnetic assembly,];

wherein the stator and the magnetic assembly are arranged for relative linear

movement [such that relative rotational movement is constrained] and [at least one of] both

the plurality of coils and [at least one of] the plurality of magnetic poles are arranged to

describe a helical path about the axis of the transducer such that [whereby] the magnetic

circuit includes a helical component which induces either a force as a result of changes in the

flux linkage or changes in the flux linkage as a result of relative linear movement.

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- 6. (Amended) The electromechanical transducer as claimed in claim [5]1, wherein the angle of the helical path of the plurality of coils is different to the angle of the plurality of magnetic poles of the magnetic assembly.
- 11. (Amended) The electromechanical transducer as claimed in claim 1, wherein at least one of the stator, the magnetic assembly and the magnetic circuit member consists of a plurality of laminations stacked together and the planes of the individual laminations describe a helical path about the axis of the transducer.